PREDIABETES & NATIONAL DIABETES PREVENTION

PROGRAM

May 2021

FAST FACTS
FROM THE
ILLINOIS
ACADEMY OF
FAMILY
PHYSICIANS

Refer your at-risk patients to a National Diabetes Prevention Program—or National DPP, a CDC-recognized lifestyle change program. These programs have been proven by research to cut the risk of type 2 diabetes by more than half. DPP programs encourage weight loss and other healthy lifestyle changes, lowering the risk of type 2 diabetes, heart attack, and stroke.



RESEARCH SHOWS A
STRUCTURED LIFESTYLE
INTERVENTION CAN CUT THE
RISK OF TYPE 2 DIABETES IN
HALF

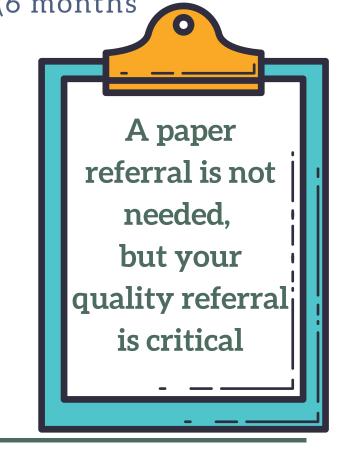
DPP AT A GLANCE

- ·Patients work with a trained coach to make realistic, lasting lifestyle changes.
- ·Building healthier eating habits and increase physical activity.
- •Deal with and manage stress, stay motivated and cope with challenges that can derail their hard work.
- •Get support from people with similar goals and challenges.
- ·Offered in-person, distance learning, online, and combination programs.
- · DPP programs are covered by Medicare voluntary MCO offering and employer coverage.

•Program runs at least 12 months (6 months of bi-weekly 1-hour sessions and 6 months of monthly 1-hour maintenance sessions).

Overall goal:

- 5% weight loss
- 4% weight loss PLUS 150 minutes/week of physical activity
- .2% reduction in HbA1c



FAST STATS

34.5% of IL adults are estimated to have prediabetes.

People with prediabetes who take part in a structured lifestyle change program can cut their risk of developing type 2 diabetes by 58% (71% for people over 60 years old).

Research shows that people referred by their physician are more likely to enroll, get engaged, and achieve health outcomes.

Diabetes risk reduced by 58% in DPP participants who were at high risk and achieved/maintained 5-7% wt loss and increased activity to 150 minutes/week.

DPP CONSIDERATIONS

- At least 18 years old AND
- □BMI ≥ 25; ≥ 23 if Asian AND
- INot be pregnant AND
- INo previous diagnosis of Type 1 or Type 2 diabetes AND
- IBlood test in prediabetes range within the past year:
 - A1c 5.7-6.4% OR
 - FPG 100-125 mg/dL OR
- 2hr plasma glucose (after 75 gm glucose load)
 140-199 mg/dLOR
- Previous clinical diagnosis of gestational diabetes OR Prediabetes Risk Test result of "high risk for Type 2 diabetes"

ACTION PLAN

- Continue screening for prediabetes
- Recommend participation in the lifestyle change program
- Promote the National DPP as a covered health benefit

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